

INSTRUCTIONS AND DIRECTIVES TO THE AUTORS (BASED ON OSCOLA)

Introduction: you are going to find in this document all the information relative to the directives for the layout of your article/paper. Thanks in advance to meet these instructions to help us to process of edition.

I – General form instructions

II – General text instructions

III – Particularism of names

IV – Uses of footnotes

A. Overview

B. Forms of quotations

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B2 – Juridical quotations

V – Bibliography

VI – Uses of graphic files and other documents

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VII – Uses of Acronyms and abbreviations

How editing your work and make it clearer to be published

Important!

To be submitted to the Scientific Council, articles must:

- comply with the author's instructions in this document,
- be in the original version,
- be of a good scientific level (high academic standard)
- and be of a good level of English (fluency of the text, absence of spelling and grammatical errors, good understanding of the author's developments).

Articles that do not meet these criteria will be rejected.

I. General Form Instructions

- Manuscripts must be written in English and begin with a title page. Authors should indicate their functions. Authors agree to submit an article for which they are the author and not previously published in another publication.
- The realization of the book will involve inclusion of a large number of writers. In order to respect the timeline, please, note and respect the submission deadlines (including figures, images, tables, etc). In order to guarantee the quality of the book, please review your papers seriously.
- Article must be between 30,000 and 90,000 characters (including spaces).
- Do not use "etc.," "e.g" or "i.e" anywhere. Please spell these words out as "and so on" or "and the like," "for example," and "namely" or "that is" when it is possible.

The content must respect the model below:

- **General layout:**

Margins 2,5 top, bottom, left et right (« margins large » in Word). Do not use color in your document except those provided in the layout model of the titles

- **Articles font:**

Normal paragraph:

Garamond 12, Line spacing 1, justified.

Footnotes:

Garamond 9, Line spacing 1, justified.

- **Is it compulsory that the plan of the publications respect the following structure (nb : this structure is usually automatic if you respect the use of the model provided by IMODEV):**

TITLE OF YOUR ARTICLE	Garamond – 18, Bold, Small caps, center , color RGB (0,50,148) Front spacing: 0 pt, Back spacing: 0 pt Left indent: 0 cm, Right indent: 0 pt	Title
§ 1 - TITLE	Garamond – 12, Bold, Small caps, justified , color RGB (0,50,148) Front spacing: 12 pt, Back spacing: 12 pt Left indent: 0 cm, Right indent: 0 pt	Title 1
A) Chapter	Garamond – 12, Bold Lower case, justified , color RGB (0,50,148) Front spacing: 12 pt, Back spacing: 12 pt Left indent: +1 cm , Right indent: 0 pt	Title 2
1) Subchapter	Garamond – 12, Bold Italic, Lower case, justified , color RGB (0,50,148) Front spacing: 12 pt, Back spacing: 12 pt Left indent: +2 cm , Right indent: 0 pt	Title 3

In all matters:

- **Do not use tabulation or double spacing.**
- **Do not use paragraph. The text has to be justified. Do not create columns.**
- **No line break between paragraphs.**
- Do not add numbering other than those offered by the publication plan (do not number the paragraphs).
- Please check to use international ISO A4 system instead of the American Letter system.
- Always mark italicized words in italic. Latin phrases must be italicized.

Materials requirements:

- Manuscripts should be submitted in Microsoft Word (.doc or .docx).
- **Save the file with your name in the file name and the version.**

For instance:

- If your name is Benjamin Franklin and that the document sent is the first version (before the review process for instance), mention FranklinV1. So, your file will be saved as "FranklinV1.docx".
- If your name is George Washington, and that the document sent is the second version (after the review process for instance), mention WashingtonV2. So, your file will be saved as "WashingtonV2.docx".
- If your name is Thomas Jefferson, and it is the final version of your document (after the review for instance), mention JeffersonVFinal. So, your file will be saved as "JeffersonVFinal.docx".

Your name	Version	Mention in the File name:	Your document is save like that:
Benjamin Franklin	First Version	FranklinV1	FranklinV1.docx
George Washington	Second version (after the review process)	WashingtonV2	WashingtonV2.docx
Thomas Jefferson	Final version	JeffersonVFinal	JeffersonVFinal.docx

II. General Instructions About Text

- **Do not use the cut function words at the end of line.**

Thank you not to use this function, which can be confused with the hyphen and posing layout problems in reprocessing file.

- **Use the Anglo-Saxon quotation marks:**

Please use the simple English quotation marks ‘...’.

Quotation from other works, cases and so on must be faithful to the original.

Quotations within short quotations take double quotation mark “...”.

Punctuations follows the closing quotation mark don't take a space.

There is no space between the quotation and the quotations marks.

Correct	Incorrect
According to Article 2 of the European Convention on Human Rights, “Everyone’s right to life shall be protected by law.”	According to Article 2 of the European Convention on Human Rights, French, ‘Everyone’s right to life shall be protected by law.’ or According to Article 2 of the European Convention on Human Rights, « Everyone’s right to life shall be protected by law »

- **Do not use bold and underlined functions**

Bold is restricted to titles.

Underlined function should be replaced by Italic function. The use of the Italic function in this regard must be measured, this function is used to highlight information, abuse can lose the utility of it.

- **The use of quotes**

- Quotes must be encoded in Roman between quotation marks, that is to say you cannot use Arabian, Hebrew, Chinese, Japanese, Russian, etc., directly. You must translate it into English, and if you want, to deliver the original version in footnotes. Do not use both them and italics.
- When a cut is made in a quote, it must be marked like [...].
Example: « Lorem ipsum dolor si amet, [...] adispicing elit ».
Note that the point is set after the quotation mark.
- Quotations should be maximum 3 lines.

- **Et cetera**

The correct form is « etc. », As it has been previously asked before, try to find another way than to use *et cetera* in your text.

If the « etc. » is at the end of a phrase, the point the end point.

If the « etc. » is at the middle of a phrase, it will be followed by a punctuation mark.

- **The use of the ordinal numbers**

Thank you to respect the general rule regarding the ordinal numbers in English. The letters following the number should not be superscripted.

I.e.: 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th...

- **Numbers/No.**

Please make sure to use the correct form for No. (do not use ‘N°’ but ‘No.’).

Do not muddle the digit 0 and the letter O. (do not write '100.000' but '100.000') – By the way, please write your number according to English rules (use the point to distinguish the thousands, and the comma to express the decimals. (ex: 1.000.000,00)

- **Dates**

Do not abbreviate dates in text: November 8, 2013, not Nov. 8, '13.

To write the date, you have the option between: Month number, year OR number Month, year.

Please use only one version in your document to make the read easier.

- **"See" use in quotations.**

When you use "See" to quote, it should be in italics.

Example: See President Abraham Lincoln, *The Gettysburg Address, Address delivered at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, on November 19, 1863*

III. Particularisms About Names

We mention the following rules, especially for Authors from non-English speaking countries.

A) Capitalization

- **The first letter of all words in titles and headings,** except articles (a, an, the), short prepositions (in, on, of), and conjunctions (and, but, for, nor, or, so, and yet) are written in upper-case. Short prepositions, conjunctions and articles should be written in lower case. However, subordinating conjunctions (as, because, that) should be capitalized.

For example:

Transparency in the Open Government Era
 Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen
 Letter of Intent
 Memorandum on Transparency and Open Government

- **The first word of a sentence,** but also the first letter of the word of a sentence within a sentence should be capitalized (even if it is not within quotation marks).

The Professor said, "Student should attend to this conference."

The issue was, Will he come back after his resignation?

The same rule applies for:

- **Proper names** of persons, places, and things.

Paris
 Golden Gate Bridge
 The Nobel Laureates deliver their speech during the Nobel Prize ceremony
 The Statue of Liberty
 Barack Obama is the current President of the United States

- **All academic, civil, military and religious titles, or professional ranks that are before a name**

President Clinton
 Doctor Howard
 Professor Howard
 Father Howard
 Justice of the Court Daniel Howard
 Managing Director Daniel Howard

- **Conversely, do not capitalize titles when they are used generically,** that is to say, without the name.

For example: The presidents of those countries are going to meet today.

- **All government titles** or titles of nobility that refer to definite persons.

For example:
 the President of the Republic
 the Prime Minister

the Minister of State
 the Prince of Monaco
 the King of Spain

- **Academic degrees**

Matthew Ollivan, Ph.D.
 Franck Thomas, Master of Law

- **Days of the week, months of the year, and holidays.**

This year, Easter holidays will begin the second Wednesday in April.

- **Historical periods**

The Vietnam War.

- **The names of members of groups (national, political, religious, racial, social, sport).**

The Conservative Party or the Democratic Party
 The Rugby Six Nations Championship or the Football World Cup
 Elm Park Pool's swim team lost a hard battle by 10 points against Fairview Pool last Sunday.

- **Compass directions, but only when referring to a region or a place**

He is native from North America.

However, directions are in lower case when used generically:

The USA is south of Canada.

- **Adjectives related to countries**

Please note that the adjectives related to countries are capitalized.

Ex:

a French wine
 an English pub

- **Proper names**

Proper names always are capitalized

- The President Vladimir Poutine

The presidential function, the official titles are capitalized.

- The Queen has a special relationship with the Prime Minister.

B) Other rules

- **The use of official titles must be complete**

Ex: President Reagan, Doctor Bell, Father Howard, Chief Minister of Justice Howard...

- **Foreign words**

Italicize foreign words and phrases, but not quotations: please provide a translation immediately afterwards in brackets (or in a footnote).

- **Latin words**

Latin words are accepted in the text if they are common in English. They have to be italicized.

- *Ultra vires, stare decisis, orbiter dita, a priori...*

Correct	False
<i>Via</i>	Via
<i>Id</i>	Id
No. 1989839	N°02938
A French wine	A french wine
The French President	The french president
The President Reagan was the 40th President of the United States of America.	The president Reagan was the 40th President of the United States of America.

IV. The Use of Footnotes

A. Generalities

- The notes are located in the proper-page and are called in the text under the form of a number: 1, 2, 3, etc.
- The numbering of the notes does not restart at each page but continue through the pages. Please use the footnote function and not the endnote function!
- **Location of the number referring to the footnote on page:**
 - If placed after a quotation: must be between the closing quotation mark and punctuation, there should be no space between them.
Ex: "A fool thinks himself to be wise, but a wise man knows himself to be a fool"¹.
 - If placed after something else than a quotation: must be adhered directly to the word that precedes.
Ex: Georges III was King of Great Britain and Ireland from 1760 to 1801¹.

Keep in minds:

Correct	False
"All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives." ¹	"All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives." ¹ "
Freedom of information legislation followed from the early 1980s ¹ .	Freedom of information legislation followed from the early 1980s. ¹
relating to removal and detention ¹ ,	relating to removal and detention, ¹
with the High Court's decision in Albert v. Manheim ¹ , the plaintiff	with the High Court's decision in Albert v. Manheim, ¹ the plaintiff

- **Footnotes end with a point**

Ex: 1. Georges III was King of Great Britain and Ireland from 1760 to 1801.

Ex: 2. J JACK, M. STEINZ, *The French Revolution: end of the Monarchy in France*, University Press, 2009.

- **Use of *Idem*, *Ibidem***

- **Ibidem:**

When on the same page, you make a reference to the same author and the same way as the previous note, you have to use the locution 'ibidem' provided whether consecutive notes.

Ex:

1 Robert Taylor, *Principles of Torts and Rights* (Rightex 2009) 87.

2 *Ibidem*, 556-59

3 *Ibid.*

- **Idem**

The use of the locution *Idem* is deprecated in favor of *Ibidem*.

- **The Use of References:**

- **Pages:**

- If one page: p. xx
- If multiple pages following: pp. xx – xx
- If multiple pages separated: pp. xx, xx et xx.

- **Footnote:** p. xx footnote yy.

- **Paragraph:** p. xx par yy

- **Please take in consideration theses abbreviations which can be used in footnotes:**

anon. - anonymous

ante. - before

ca. or c. (circa) - around a given date

cf. - confer

ch. or chs. - chapter or chapters

ed. or eds. - edition, edited by, or editors

et al. - and others

et seq. - and the following

Ibid. or ibidem - "in the same place"

j. or ff. - following page or pages

I. or II. - line or lines

loc. cit. or loco citato - in the place cited

ms, mss - manuscript or manuscripts

n.d. - no date

n. p. - no place of publication

op. cit. or opere citato - in the work cited

p. or pp. - page or pages

passim - all over, here and there

q.v. or quod vide - go to another place

rev. - revised

trans. or tr. - translated

v. inf. or vide infra - see below

v. sup or vide supra - see above

vol. or vols. - volume or volumes

- **Authors' names**

IMPERATIVELY: Author's names must be in small caps locks (The first letter must be capitalized in Normal caps locks)

Example: **MONTESQUIEU (correct)** MONTESQUIEU (wrong) MONTESQUIEU (wrong).

B. Citations forms

Important : The following rules **must be respected**:

B.1 – Classical citation

Books

INITIAL FIRST NAME, NAME [small caps], *Title of the book*, Publishing, year, page.

- M. MARTIN, P. TURNER, *The French Revolution – Legal consequences on English legal system*, 1st ed. updated, coll. History and Law, London, Penguin, 2011, p. 22.

Articles/Papers

INITIAL FIRST NAME, NAME [small caps], “Title of the Article/Paper”, *Title of the Journal* [abbreviations are accepted if the Journal is well known], volume, year (or date), page.

- G. DARNY-SMITH, « Is the Brexit a good option for the French Finance? », *London economics Journal.*, n°3/2002, p. 463, par 2.

Collective work

INITIAL FIRST NAME, NAME [small caps], “Title of the Article”, in FIRST NAME NAME OF THE DIRECTOR(S) OF THE WORK [small caps] (dir.), *Title of the Collective work*, Publishing, year, page.

- A. ALEXANDER, “Human Rights in China”, in F. HUNTINGTON-SERVEY, S. LAWRENCE (eds.), *Human Right Report*, coll. “Human Right Journal”, New-York, Hyperion, 2011, p. 140

Book or Work with multiple tome

INITIAL FIRST NAME, NAME [small caps], *Title of the book*, tome, Publishing, year, page.

- F. CORNWELL, *The French Legal system*, tome 1, Juridex, London, 2005, p. 21.

If multiple authors

Mention of all them if they are 2 or 3. If more, use the locution *et al.*

- M. NOAILLES *et al.* (eds.), *From Montebello to Austerlitz*, Seuil, Paris, 2001.

Unpublished institutional report

Institution, *Title, presented by First Name and Name* [author of the report], reference [if applicable], date, page

- House of Lords, *Report No.441: The consequences of the adoption of the Euro in United Kingdom, presented by Lord Speaker Baroness D’Souza*, 27 May 2009.

Online article

If the text is available online, enter the url between brackets [http://wwwonlinetext.com]. Any reference to a page or a paragraph will forward the URL raised in standard conditions

- S. BOOTH, « What if...? The consequences, challenges and opportunities facing Britain outside the EU », *Open Europe*, report 03/2015, mars 2015, p.2-104 [http://openeurope.org.uk/intelligence/britain-and-the-eu/what-if-there-were-a-brexit/].

B.2 – Legal citations (cases)

B.2.a French legislation

For use in quotation from legal texts and decisions of justices

Officials text

Organism, *Title of the document*, reference of the document, date, page or article.

- Assemblée Générale des Nations Unies, *Déclaration Universelle des Droits de l’Homme, résolution 217 A (III)*, U.N. Doc. A/RES/217(III), 12 déc. 1948, art. 2.

Law, decree and other normative text

Enacting Authority [if applicable] Name text to, text reference [if applicable], paragraph or article [if applicable].

- *Loi organique relative à l'autonomie financière des collectivités territoriales*, 28 mars 2003, n°2004-758, art. 5.

Decision or judgment

Instance (abbreviation), date, no request or judgment (more for the Constitutional Council, the name of the law in italics), "Considérants" and "Attendus".

- C.C., 4 décembre 2013, déc. 2013-679 DC, *Loi relative à la lutte contre la fraude fiscale et la grande délinquance économique et financière*, cons. 3.
- Cass., 1e Civ., 14 janvier 2016, n°14-28.327, att. 2.
- C.E., 18 novembre 2015, n°371196, cons. 3.
- C.A.A. de Bordeaux, 4e Ch., 26 février 2015, n°13BX00856, cons. 4.

B.2.b European legislation

EU COURT

General Case Citation Form (if published)

- Sabel v. Puma, Case C-251/95, [1997] E.C.R. I-6191, ¶ [].

General Case Citation Form (if not published)

- Aklagaren v. Mickelsson, Case C-142/05, [2009] E.C.R. I___ (delivered June 4, 2009).

General Case Citation Form (joigned)

- Luisi & Carbone v. Ministero del Tesoro, Joined Cases 286/82 & 26/83, [1984] E.C.R. 377.

Council Directives

- Council Directive 77/249/EEC to Facilitate the Effective Exercise by Lawyers of Freedom to Provide Services, 1977 O.J. L 78/17 [hereinafter Lawyers' Services Directive].

Council Regulations

General Citation Form:

- Council Regulation 40/94/EC on the Community Trade Mark, 1994 O.J. L 11/1 [hereinafter Community Trademark Regulation].

Council Resolution

General Citation Form:

- Council Resolution of 21 January 1974, 1974 O.J. C 13/1 [hereinafter Social Action Program].

European Parliament Resolution

General Citation Form:

- European Parliament Resolution on the Functioning of Treaty on European Union with the Prospect of the 1996 Intergovernmental Conference, 1995 O.J. C 151/55 [hereinafter European Parliament Resolution].

Draft Communications/Proposals/Guidelines

General Citation Form:

- Commission Communication Guidelines on the Applicability of Article 101 on the Functioning of the European Union to Horizontal Co-Operation Agreements, SEC(2010) 528/2 (draft) [hereinafter Commission Communication Guidelines].

Communications/Proposals/Guidelines

General Citation Form:

- Commission Communication to Member States on Application of Articles 92 and 93 of EEC Treaty and of Article 5 of Commission Directive 80/723 to Public Undertakings in Manufacturing Sector, 1991 O.J. C 273/2 [hereinafter Commission Communication].

B.2.c Others legislations

Please to refer to the French section part.

You have to indicate into bracelet the country.

V. Bibliography

Books and articles should contain a bibliography.

Bibliography is held in alphabetical order by putting the name followed by first initial.

Unlike footnote citations, the bibliography begins with the author's name (in small caps) followed by the initial of the author's first name.

Correct examples of bibliography format:

NAME [small caps] FIRST NAME INITIAL, "Title of article," in FIRST NAME INITIAL FIRST FAMILY NAME OF THE BOOK DIRECTOR(S) [small caps] (eds.), Title of collective work in italics, Publishing house, year, page.

- CHAMADE J.-M., " Charte sociale et droit de l'Homme ", in J.-F. NOUAILLES-COMpte, S. LUMIÈRE (eds.), La Charte sociale, coll. " Rencontres de Versailles ", Paris, Brochet, 2011, p. 140

NAME [small caps] FIRST NAME INITIAL, "Title of article," Title of journal [spelled out or abbreviated if journal is known], volume, year (or date), page.

- LAVENUE-DUROI G., " Faut-il repenser le droit révolutionnaire ? ", RTD civ, n°3/2002, p. 463, al. 2.

NAME [small capitals] FIRST NAME INITIAL, Title of the work, Publishing house, year, page.

- MARTIN M., Fraise P., La Révolution française - Incidences sur les corporations, 2nd updated edition, coll. Révolutionnaire, Paris, PUB, 2011, p. 22.

The bibliography must be structured according to the following order:

- Books
- Journal papers / articles
- Press articles
- Webography
- Other sources.

The bibliography can contain a webography section gathering all the sites used for the text.

Please indicate the date of consultation of the website as follows:

- HALPÉRIN J.-L., « Le droit privé de la Révolution : héritage législatif et héritage idéologique », *Annales historiques de la Révolution française*, n°328, avril-juin 2002, p.135-151 [<https://ahrf.revues.org/628>]. (accessed on April 3, 2009)

Thank you to disable the automatic formatting of web pages

[<http://www.loc.gov>] incorrect

[http://www.loc.gov] correct

If the language of the document is neither French nor English, please put in brackets the language used in the document you are referring to and italicized the language:

- F. BELLO, *El derecho civil* 1, Edicion Derecho positivo, 2005, p. 21. [spanish]

VI. The Use of Graphics Files and Other Documents

- Graphics and tables must be cited in the order of apparition in the text.
- The titles of graphics and tables should be placed at the top thereof and the sources must be below.
- The graphics must be read in black and white. Thank you not use gradients. Photos must be of excellent quality to be legible and readable in black and white.
- For safety reasons and printing, **please provide your graphics or photos sources in a separate folder in high definition.**
- If you use a picture, it must be of very high level quality in order to be visible in a printed journal. A JPEG file with high level pixel is required.
- **If you use a photo, please make sure that you are the owner or that it is free of rights. We ask you to provide us a document in which the author certifies that it does indeed have the rights to the uploaded files or that this document is copyright free.**
- **To avoid layout problems, if you decide to make a graphic with several separate elements within the same graphic, please use the "photo" format in high definition**
- Please provide the figures or graphics in a separate file.
- The quality of your graphics/figures affects the readability.

VII. The Use of Abbreviations and Acronyms

Abbreviations

Define abbreviations that are not standard in law and political science in brackets at their first mention. Ensure consistency of abbreviations throughout the article. Example: Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).

Acronym

All acronyms of organizations, Journals, etc., should be without a full stop after each letter.

Correct	False
RLLP	R.L.L.P.
CLR	C.L.R.
USC	U.S.C.
UN	U.N.
OECD	O.E.C.D.

VII. The Use of Tables/Spreadsheet

- Tables should not be photo files, but must be editable. Thank you for using conventional spreadsheet functions
- If possible, thank you for providing a table which can be read horizontally rather than vertically.

MAIN ABBREVIATION (IN FRENCH)

These abbreviations must always be used by authors in the footnote references. These abbreviations should be used only in this form and should not bring up other signs (dots, dashes or other punctuation marks or abbreviations). This list is not closed.

<i>AFDI</i>	<i>Annuaire français de droit international</i>
<i>AJDA</i>	<i>Actualité juridique - Droit administratif</i>
<i>Ann. parl.</i>	<i>Annales parlementaires</i>
aff.	Affaire soumise à la Cour de justice avant la création du Tribunal
aff. C-	Affaire soumise à la Cour de justice
aff. jtes	Affaires jointes
aff. T-	Affaire soumise au Tribunal
al.	Alinéa
art.	Article
<i>AUE</i>	<i>Acte unique européen</i>
<i>Bull. CE</i>	<i>Bulletin des Communautés européennes</i>
<i>Bull. fisc.</i>	<i>Bulletin fiscal</i>
<i>Bull. UE</i>	<i>Bulletin de l'Union européenne</i>
c/	Contre
Cass.	Cour de cassation
<i>CCC</i>	<i>Cahiers du Conseil constitutionnel</i>
<i>CDE</i>	<i>Cahiers de droit européen</i>
CE	Communauté européenne
<i>CECA</i>	Communauté européenne du charbon et de l'acier
<i>CEDH</i>	Convention de sauvegarde des droits de l'homme et des libertés fondamentales
CEE	Communauté économique européenne
<i>CEEA</i>	Communauté européenne de l'énergie atomique
<i>CEI</i>	Communauté des États indépendants
Cf.	Comparez, rapprochez
Chron.	Chronique
<i>CIG</i>	Conférence intergouvernementale
<i>CJAI</i>	Coopération dans les domaines de la justice et des affaires intérieures
CJ	Cour de justice
<i>CJUE</i>	Cour de justice de l'Union européenne
Coll.	Collection
<i>CML rev.</i>	<i>Common market law review</i>
Comm.	Commentaire
Concl.	Conclusions
Cons. const.	Conseil constitutionnel
Cons. d'État	Conseil d'État
Cour const.	Cour constitutionnelle
Cour EDH	Cour européenne des droits de l'homme
CPJI	Cour permanente de justice internationale
CPJP	Coopération policière et judiciaire en matière pénale
CSCE	Conférence sur la sécurité et la coopération en Europe
D.	<i>Dalloz (revue)</i>
Décr.	Décret
Dir.	Direction ou Directeur(s)
DF	<i>Documentation française</i>
<i>Doc. parl.</i>	<i>Documents parlementaires</i>
<i>Dr. adm.</i>	<i>Droit administratif</i>
<i>Dr. env.</i>	<i>Droit de l'environnement</i>
<i>Dr. fisc.</i>	<i>Droit fiscal</i>
<i>Dr. soc.</i>	<i>Droit social</i>

e.a.	Et autres
Éd.	Éditions ou Éditeur(s)
égal.	Également
EL rev.	<i>European law review</i>
ELSJ	Espace de Liberté, de Sécurité et de Justice
EuGRZ	<i>Europäische grundrecht zeitschrift</i>
Ex.	Exemple
GACEDH	<i>Grands arrêts de la Cour européenne des droits de l'homme</i>
GAJA	<i>Grands arrêts de la jurisprudence administrative</i>
GAJUE	<i>Grands arrêts de la jurisprudence de l'Union européenne</i>
GDCC	<i>Grandes décisions du Conseil constitutionnel</i>
G. Pal.	<i>Gazette du palais</i>
Ibid.	Référence citée à la note de bas de page précédente
J.-Cl. Europe	<i>JurisClasseur Europe Traité</i>
JCP	<i>JurisClasseur périodique (La semaine juridique) JDI Journal du droit international</i>
JORF	<i>Journal officiel de la République française</i>
JO	<i>Journal officiel des Communautés européennes ou Journal officiel de l'Union européenne</i>
JT	<i>Journal des tribunaux</i>
JTDE	<i>Journal des tribunaux de droit européen</i>
Lamy - Proc. com.	<i>Lamy – Procédures communautaires</i>
LPA	<i>Les petites affiches</i>
Mél.	Mélanges
Mon. be	<i>Moniteur belge</i>
Nep	<i>Non encore publié (arrêt ou ordonnance)</i>
not.	Notamment
Obs.	Note d'observations
Ord.	Ordonnance
Op. cit.	Source (généralement doctrinale) citée précédemment
OPOCE	<i>Office des publications officielles des Communautés européennes</i>
p.	Page
§	Paragraphe
PAC	Politique agricole commune
PECO	Pays d'Europe centrale et orientale
PESC	Politique étrangère et de sécurité commune
PIB	Produit intérieur brut
PNB	Produit national brut
RCADI	<i>Recueil des cours de l'académie de droit international</i>
Rec.	<i>Recueil de la jurisprudence de la Cour de justice et du Tribunal</i>
Rec. FP	<i>Recueil de jurisprudence-Fonction publique</i>
Rec. Sirey	<i>Recueil Dalloz-Sirey des décisions du Conseil d'État</i>
Rép. Com. Dalloz	<i>Encyclopédie Dalloz-Droit communautaire</i>
Req.	Requête
Rev.	Revue
Rev. adm.	<i>Revue administrative</i>
Rev. aff. eur.	<i>Revue des affaires européennes</i>
Rev. crit. dr. int. privé	<i>Revue critique de droit international privé</i>
Rev. dr. fisc.	<i>Revue de droit fiscal</i>
RDP	<i>Revue du droit public et de la science politique</i>
RDUE	<i>Revue du droit l'Union européenne</i>
Rev. eur.	<i>Revue Europe - Actualité du droit de l'Union européenne (Les revues du JurisClasseur)</i>
Rev. eur. dr. env.	<i>Revue européenne de droit de l'environnement</i>
Rev. eur. dr. pub.	<i>Revue européenne de droit public</i>
RFAP	<i>Revue française d'administration publique</i>
RFDA	<i>Revue française de droit administratif</i>
RFDC	<i>Revue française de droit constitutionnel</i>
Rev. fra. fin. pub	<i>Revue française de finances publiques</i>

<i>Rev. fra. sc. pol.</i>	<i>Revue française de science politique</i>
<i>RGDIP</i>	<i>Revue générale de droit international public</i>
<i>Rev. int. dr. comp.</i>	<i>Revue internationale de droit comparé</i>
<i>RIDE</i>	<i>Revue internationale de droit économique</i>
<i>Rev. int. pol. comp.</i>	<i>Revue internationale de politique comparée</i>
<i>RJE</i>	<i>Revue juridique de l'environnement</i>
<i>Rev. juris. fisc.</i>	<i>Revue de jurisprudence fiscale</i>
<i>Rev. trésor</i>	<i>Revue du Trésor</i>
<i>Rev. Marché Commun</i>	<i>Revue du marché commun</i>
<i>Rev. Marché Commun UE</i>	<i>Revue du marché commun et de l'Union européenne</i>
<i>Rev. Marché unique eur.</i>	<i>Revue du marché unique européen</i>
<i>RRJ</i>	<i>Revue de recherche juridique et de droit prospectif</i>
<i>RTD civ.</i>	<i>Revue trimestrielle de droit civil</i>
<i>RTD eur.</i>	<i>Revue trimestrielle de droit européen</i>
<i>RTD hom.</i>	<i>Revue trimestrielle des droits de l'homme</i>
<i>RTDSS</i>	<i>Revue trimestrielle de droit sanitaire et social</i>
<i>RUDH</i>	<i>Revue universelle des droits de l'homme</i>
<i>RNB</i>	Revenu national brut
<i>s.</i>	Suivants ou suivantes
<i>S.</i>	<i>Sirey (revue)</i>
<i>spéc.</i>	Spécialement
<i>Statut</i>	Statut de la Cour de justice de l'Union européenne
<i>TC Eur.</i>	Traité établissant une Constitution pour l'Europe
<i>TCE</i>	Traité instituant la Communauté européenne
<i>TCECA</i>	Traité instituant la Communauté européenne du charbon et de l'acier
<i>TCEE</i>	Traité instituant la Communauté économique européenne
<i>TFPUE</i>	Tribunal de la fonction publique de l'Union européenne
<i>TFUE</i>	Traité sur le fonctionnement de l'Union européenne
<i>Trib.</i>	Tribunal
<i>TUE</i>	Traité sur l'Union européenne
<i>UE</i>	Union européenne
<i>UEM</i>	Union économique et monétaire
<i>Voy.</i>	Voyez
<i>Vol.</i>	Volume
<i>YEL</i>	<i>Yearbook of european law</i>